

## BARRE DAILY TIMES

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1916.

Entered at the Postoffice at Barre as Second-Class Mail Matter.

Published Every Week-Day Afternoon

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
One year, \$2.00  
Six months, \$1.25  
Three months, .75  
Single copy, 1 cent

FRANK E. LANGLEY, Publisher

The T. R. gas bomb in Massachusetts didn't have much powder back of it.

The Republican party of Massachusetts looks as if it had been attacked by a machine gun—shot full of holes.

The Vermont Press association picked one of its most hustling members for president. Editor Howard L. Hindley of the Rutland Herald is the man.

Joseph Grohol of Ansonia, Conn., has the opportunity to become quite a useful member of society. The trouble is, he may misinterpret the opportunity.

It would be a good idea to spend a few minutes, if not a few hours, to-morrow in contemplation of the life and works of the first president of the United States.

The human altitude record of Vermont is awarded without reserve to Max E. Bogue, an 18-year-old strapping of Enosburg Falls who just goes under a seven-foot, 1-inch mark and nearly stands the scale beam on end with his 220 pounds of bone and muscle, being withal, we are informed, "as perfectly built a young man as one could wish to see." When the youngster gets his growth he may begin to appear formidable.

The Vermont public service commission is keeping up with its work with remarkable energy, giving reports of findings during the same month in which hearings were held. For instance, the petition of the Montpelier &amp; Barre Light &amp; Power company for the right to issue bonds was heard on Feb. 14, and the commission issued its order on Feb. 19. The Vermont public service commission is one of our fastest moving bodies.

We had wondered how long it would be before someone dug up the athletic record of Nelson M. (Pie) Way at Norwich university and set it over against his record at Yale university as a determining factor of Way's eligibility to represent Yale under the latter's rules relating to three-year participation in college sports. This athlete pitched at least one year for Norwich and two years for Yale; hence he is ineligible to play on the Yale nine from this time on. Various of the larger colleges are keeping closer watch on the small colleges than formerly was the custom.

It is a somewhat unexpected statement which a returning soldier of the British army—an American, by the way—makes about the prospects of final victory on the western front in Europe. This soldier is credited in the Boston Globe with asserting that he thinks the Germans will win on the western front and that "all the men in the trenches think that way." Heretofore there has been no admission of the same sort to percolate through the censorship of the British army, and the confidence of the allies, soldiers and officers alike, has been firm in the belief that victory would ultimately rest upon their banners. Thus we are left in doubt whether the British censorship has been deluding the world or whether this young Boston man is himself greatly mistaken. The results of a year and a half of warfare, viewed in the light of conditions back of the contending armies, would not seem to bear out the so-called belief of this young man, and "all the men in the trenches."

## LEARNING TO SPELL.

And old-fashioned spelling match in which students in Rutland high school participated attracted an audience of 400 people, who thoroughly enjoyed the revival of the old-time entertainment. There is no doubt of the value of such an entertainment, both to the people who listen and to the people who wrestle with the words. Quite general resort to that form of entertainment would go far toward bolstering up the spelling abilities of the general public at a time when the ability is at a woefully low ebb. For years, business men and managers of offices have complained of the wretched spelling perpetrated by the stenographers who secure employment with them. A great deal of the fault is due to inattention to this detail of instruction; there has been too much striving to gain proficiency in the more mechanical work involved in commercial courses, at the expense of the development of the sense of observation as to proper arrangement of letters in word construction. The revival of the old-fashioned spelling match in which all the students participate will have a tendency to correct the fault. For that reason, the example furnished by the Rutland school is worth following everywhere, not alone in high schools but in the graded schools and the schools in the small towns.

## FORCING FAIRS INTO DEFICITS.

The fact that the management of the Valley Fair association at Brattleboro is facing a deficit of \$1,650 resulting from the fair of last season leads to the natural query whether the public is not demanding too much for what they pay at the high-classed fairs in Vermont and that the management is required to go to unwarranted ends to afford entertain-

## TALK OF THE TOWN

Muslin underwear sale at Abbott's. Rehearsal of the Barre Citizen's band to-night at 7:30.

Arrow collars, all styles and sizes, from the McWhorter Co.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Stuart of Burlington were guests through the week-end of Mr. Stuart's mother, Mrs. Ann Stuart, of 31 Spaulding street.

The public is invited to a 500 party to be given by the Lady Macabees in K. of P. hall, Blanchard block, Wednesday evening, Feb. 23. Plans are also made for whist. Admission, 10c.

Special matinee at the Pavilion on Tues. (Washington's birthday). Ev-purchase of a ticket will be given 500 pony votes and the great feature, "A Modern Magdalene," with other pictures, will be shown—adv.

F. A. Church of South Main street, a local representative of the American Stone Trade, a Chicago publication, has returned from Troy, N. Y., where he attended the winter meeting of the New York Retailer Monument Dealers' association.

At the Sunday services in the First Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. Edgar Crossland, gave an interesting address on the life and lessons to be drawn from the career of George Washington. During the evening the choir rendered Handel's Largo and Mrs. Isabella Cant-lay Hall and Miss Alice Walker sang, "My Faith Looks Up to Thee."

Master Donald Bugbee entertained a score of his little friends at his home on Richardson street Saturday afternoon in celebration of his birthday, which occurred on Tuesday. The afternoon was spent in playing games and refreshments of ice cream and cake were served. Donald was the recipient of many gifts from his playmates.

Feature pictures only will be shown at the Pavilion theatre, beginning to-night. To-night's performance will include Sarah Bernhardt, the great actress, in a wonderful picture and Jackie Saunders in the great five-act political drama, "Reaping the Whirlwind." Tuesday afternoon a special matinee will be given, when everyone buying a ticket will be presented 500 votes in the pony contest—adv.

The ladies of Col. J. B. Mead circle, No. 1, and the ladies of the Sons of Veterans' auxiliary, No. 5, cordially invite the members of E. B. Crandall post and Maj. L. A. Abbott camp, S. of V., with their families, also the families of the Ladies' Auxiliary and the circle, to a dinner to be given by the ladies in auxiliary hall, Worthen block, Tuesday, Feb. 22, Washington's birthday. Dinner will be served at 1 p. m., after which there will be a patriotic program, consisting of music, reading and speaking. Come early and have a social hour before dinner.

Among the visitors in the city through the week end were the following people: Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Carpenter of St. Johnsbury, Dr. W. A. Davidson of Burlington, A. I. Beckett of Manchester, E. P. Rowell of Woodsville, N. H., John A. Bemis of Williamstown, F. C. Spaulding of Albany, J. E. Jones of Montreal, P. Q., William J. Sutherland and Miss Baer of Holyoke, Mass., D. Matthews of Orleans, A. Goodrich of Chelsea, Ernest A. Burrill of Brookton, Mass., A. Twiss of Burlington, H. E. Stolz of Burlington, Ex-Governor Malcolm R. Patterson of Tennessee and M. Swadener of Indianapolis, Ind., who were guests at Hotel Barre, and Miss Gale Hough of Toronto, Ont.

## DEFENSE OF E. F. HANSON.

Attorney General W. R. Pattangall of Maine Writes to Barre Man.

Attorney General William R. Pattangall of Maine writes the following letter to Rev. John B. Reardon of Barre: "Rev. John B. Reardon, Barre City, Vt."

"I received this morning a marked copy of the Barre Times in which I notice that Rev. J. W. Hatch, D. D., speaking of Mr. Edgar F. Hanson of Belfast, who recently visited your city, described Mr. Hanson as a man repudiated by his state and his party. As I was about to introduce Mr. Hanson to you I feel a certain amount of responsibility in the matter."

"I do not know just what Mr. Hatch means by speaking of a man as 'repudiated' by his state and his party. Mr. Hanson has never held but one state office, so far as I know. He was elected state senator from Waldo county in 1912 and was defeated by a small plurality for re-election in the fall of the same year; the first election being a special election called to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Senator Pendleton. As Waldo, the county of Mr. Hanson's residence, has elected Republican senators for the last 30 years with the exception of Senator Pendleton and Senator Hanson, Mr. Hanson's failure to secure a re-election could hardly be called 'repudiation.'"

"He has been elected mayor of his home city of Belfast many times. I should say, without looking up the record, as many as eight or ten times; and will probably be re-elected to that position in the fall of next year. He is in sufficiently good standing in his party so that he is being seriously considered as a candidate for appointment to the office of commissioner of sea and shore fisheries and will probably be selected as one of the delegates to the national convention at St. Louis. He was one of the presidential electors chosen in Maine in 1912."

"I mention these things to you purely as a matter of justice to Mr. Hanson, and I mention them the more willingly because Mr. Hanson and I have not always agreed politically. In 1913 I was a candidate for Congress in this district on the Democratic ticket against Hon. John A. Peters, Republican, and Hon. E. M. Lawrence, Progressive, and failed of election by a little less than 50 votes. Although Mr. Hanson is a Democrat, he opposed my election with great vigor both on the stump and in the newspaper which he controls, and I have no doubt caused my defeat. I presume he thought he had good reasons for taking the course that he did. In my second campaign for Congress in 1914 Mr. Hanson supported me along with the rest of the Democratic candidates."

"You will see by this that we have not always agreed and that if any Democrat in Maine has a right to feel bitterly toward Mr. Hanson, I should have the right. But I am not so made up that I enjoy seeing any man treated with injustice and I feel that the facts which I have stated constitute a denial of the assertion made by Mr. Hatch and that those facts ought to be made known to your people."

"You are at liberty to make any use of this letter that you see fit."

"Yours very truly," "W. R. Pattangall."

## This Will Remind You

that it is time to start that bank account with  
The Peoples National BankYou know how important and satisfactory  
it is to have funds in reserve for emergencies.

## DIRECTORS

C. W. Melcher  
C. W. Averill  
F. D. LaddIra C. Calef  
W. D. Smith  
A. J. YoungW. M. Holden  
F. N. Braley  
D. P. Town

## Peoples National Bank

Worthen Block,

Barre, Vt.

Open Monday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock.

MEAT REAL LUXURY  
IN EUROPE NOWCentral Power Group Believes It Will Be  
Better Off Than the Entente Group  
—France Lost A Great Deal of  
Stock by German Occu-

pation.

Vienna, Feb. 19.—None too plentiful before the war, meat is likely to become a real luxury in Europe after peace is declared and remain so for a considerable time until stock-breeding has progressed on an immense scale.

The central power group believes it will find itself better off than the entente group in this respect, but both groups will certainly find it a serious problem. At the expiration of two years of warfare—during which period will soon be reached—it is estimated the entente powers will be short 7,575,000 head of meat animals, while the central group, owing to the territories occupied by their armies, would in that time lose only 2,000,000 heads through over-consumption due to the war.

Commenting upon the situation the Paris Revenue Des Deux Mondes points out that France lost 20 per cent of its meat animal stock by the occupation of ten departments of the Germans. France lost through this 1,510,000 horned cattle, 14,804,310 sheep and 814,019 pigs. This means, says the periodical that France is deprived of an annual meat production of 411,000 tons.

The live stock of Belgium also was lost by entente, this being estimated to amount to about 2,000,000 heads of cattle, 18,000,000 sheep and over 2,000,000 pigs. Germany gained thus the meat production of roughly 390,000 animals in the western theatre alone.

Though the Russians saved much of their live stock in Poland and the invaded Russian provinces, nearly 40,000,000 meat animals fell in the hands of the Germans and Austro-Hungarians. Against this must be charged the losses sustained by the central powers in Galicia and East Prussia, said to amount to about 8,000,000 heads, because in East Prussia much of the stock was driven off beforehand, while the Galician live stock had already been drawn on heavily by the Austro-Hungarian troops.

The live stock found in Serbia is estimated at about 8,000,000 heads of meat animals, so that the central powers have in their favor a balance of about 78,000,000 animals. This means a meat production of roughly 1,910,000 tons per year.

This cannot be looked upon as an increase altogether of the central powers' food supply. In the territories from which this live stock comes lives a population of about 35,000,000, whose wants must be met, of course. Nevertheless, the meat production of the territories occupied by the German and Austro-Hungarian troops being some 38,218,000 pounds annually, which is 1902 pounds per capita, a large surplus is left for the occupying troops. A daily meat ration of eight ounces for each inhabitant of the districts held, would place at the disposal of the Germans and Austro-Hungarians, 20,700,000 pounds per year. Even in view of the fact that the meat consumption of the central powers' armies is 456 pounds for each man a year, this quantity would go far towards maintaining the men in the field.

That pork and port fats are hard to get at present in the central powers countries may be hard to understand in the light of these conditions. But the following explanation of this fact is given here. Pork has been the favorite meat of the men at the front, owing to

its heat-producing qualities, and in addition, last year, when the grain and potato crops of the central empires were decidedly poor, too many pigs were butchered in order to lessen the demand for feed.

Before the outbreak of the war, the live stock of Europe, the Balkan states and the Ottoman empire not included, stood as follows:  
Entente states—76,632,912 cattle, 104,604,962 sheep, 30,903,912 pigs.  
Central states—46,740,912 cattle, 48,158,399 sheep, 36,446,391 pigs.  
Neutral states—107,500,008 cattle, 184,273,872 sheep, 91,063,084 pigs.  
Entente states, which are least favorably situated in their meat supply coming from home production are Great Britain and Italy. The annual per capita consumption in Great Britain is about 150 pounds. Of this 60 per cent has to be imported. A table recently compiled by the well-known Italian economist Ferreretti shows that Italy has already used one half of its horned cattle to feed its army.

Russia is probably best off in this respect, though heavy demands on its meat production have also been made. To feed its army, estimated at eight million men under arms, took during the first year no less than 300,000,000 heads of meat animals.

France in addition to having lost a considerable share of meat animals, is obliged to feed about three million refugees from the occupied departments and Belgium. Russia has to care similarly for over six million refugees.

Between the average normal meat consumption of the nations at war, ranging from 110 to 150 pounds per capita, and the consumption of meat by some 25,000,000 men under arms, running from 220 to 260 pounds per man, in the Italian and French armies respectively, and reaching 456 pounds per man in the German, Austro-Hungarian and Russian armies, there is a difference of roughly 3,450,000 tons. According to French economists, it takes 142,000,000 animals to produce this annually.

The total meat animal stock of the belligerent states was 343,700,000 heads at the outbreak of the war. The excess consumption by the armies of Europe is therefore a little more than 4 per cent of the annual supply of meat, a serious matter when it is considered that with these inroads upon live stock the rate of reproduction is also much decreased.

For the time being, however, the problem affects the central powers mainly in the supply of pork. The man at the front prefers that meat to any other, because in army terms, it "sticks to the ribs" better. Mutton is not a favorite, because the men think it too "light," and beef is enjoyed only if it has been cooked in the field kitchen. Pigs, however, are prolific reproducers, and a few years' chance to multiply will make them as plentiful as ever. With horned cattle a quick rehabilitation in this manner is not possible, and beef is for this reason likely to remain a scarce article long after peace is declared.

## GRANITEVILLE.

Regular meeting of branch No. 12, Q. W. I. U. of N. A., will be held in the Miles hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 23, at 7 o'clock. A good attendance is desired. Per order secretary.

## A Slow Starter.

The maid of all work in a Brooklyn household was recently taken to task by her mistress for oversleeping. After due reflection, the maid replied: "Well, mum, it's this way: I sleep very slow, and so it takes me a long time to get me night's rest."—Youth's Companion.

110 Pages of Instructive  
ReadingNew Ladies' Home Journal. Take one  
home to Mrs. — to-day.

## DROWN'S DRUG STORE

48 North Main Street

## COAL AND WOOD

More cold weather is coming. Get ready by having  
some Coal and Wood on hand.Best Block Wood, per cord .....\$3.00  
Clean, bright, Second-Growth Wood, per cord.. 2.50  
Chair Wood, per load ..... 2.50  
Soft Slab Wood, per load ..... 1.75We have the very best Lehigh and Free-Burning  
Coals in all sizes.

The D. M. Miles Coal Company

122 No. Main Street

Tel—Office, 133; Shed, 417-M

## Bargains this Week

Every Business Day in the Year, We Sell  
Bargains—and Bargains OnlyNote These Bargains in Our White  
Sale\$1.00 Bed Spreads for ..... 79c  
\$1.25 Bed Spreads for ..... 98c  
\$1.50 large size Spreads for ..... \$1.19  
\$2.00 large size Bed Spreads for ..... 1.69  
Bargains in Lace Curtains and Curtain Material.  
Ladies' House Dresses at ..... 98c, \$1.25  
50c Madras Kimono Aprons at ..... 39c

## LOTS OF NEW GOODS ON SALE

Now Is the Time to Buy Wash Goods

All of the best Gingham, per yard ..... 8c, 10c  
12 1/2c Percales will not last long at, per yard ..... 9c  
32-inch Endurance Cloth, per yard ..... 10c, 12 1/2c  
Wash Silk—A bargain at, per yard ..... 19c, 25c  
Lot of new Wash Goods, per yard ..... 15c, 19c, 25c  
Bargains in Ladies' Separate Wool Skirts at  
\$1.98, \$2.25 and \$3.75

## NEW SILK WAISTS

Don't Miss This Special Sale

\$2.00 Plaid Silk Waists ..... \$1.50  
\$2.25 White Silk Waists ..... 1.98  
\$2.98 Colored Silk Waists ..... 2.25  
\$2.98 White Silk Waists ..... 2.25  
Lot Sample Waists at ..... 50c, 98c, \$1.25

## CORSET SALE

72 pairs of 75c Corsets for ..... 50c  
\$1.00 Corsets with graduating steel, for ..... 69c  
\$1.50 Corsets, three models to select from, at ..... 98c  
Heavy Corsets for stout people at, per pair ..... \$1.25BARGAINS—LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S  
MUSLIN UNDERWEARThis is the week to buy your Coat, Dresses, Chil-  
dren's Coats and all kinds of warm clothing.Monday evening, with every dollar purchase, we  
give 500 Pony Votes.

Store closed all day Tuesday, Washington's Birthday

The Vaughan Store

Midwinter Clearance  
SaleAfter invoicing, we find some odd pieces of furni-  
ture we wish to dispose of, and to do so we will make

## Very Special Prices

One SIDEBORD, was \$35.00, now ..... \$14.98  
One lot FANCY CHAIRS, were \$9.00 to \$12.00, choice. 5.00  
One lot NATIONAL SPRINGS, slightly damaged, were  
\$4.50, now ..... 2.98  
Six IRON BEDS that sold from \$9.00 to \$19.00, your  
choice now at ..... Just ONE-HALF PriceSeveral other articles at equally LOW prices. See them  
in our window.

The only Furniture Store giving PONY VOTES.

## A. W. Badger &amp; Co.

Furnishing Undertakers and Embalmers

THE BEST OF AMBULANCE SERVICE

TELEPHONE 447-11

If you haven't all the  
business you want, adver-  
tise in The Times.

## The Union Savings Bank &amp; Trust Co.

of Morrisville, Vermont

Statement, January 1, 1916

## RESOURCES

Loans ..... \$1,328,094.04  
Massachusetts state bonds ..... 40,000.00  
Helen warrants ..... 3,200.00  
Bank building and lot ..... 2,500.00  
Cash on hand and in banks ..... 73,167.98

## LIABILITIES

Capital paid in ..... \$50,000.00  
Surplus ..... 60,000.00  
Undivided profits ..... 27,958.91  
Due depositors ..... 1,297,685.24  
Treasurer's checks ..... 6,933.31  
Taxes due in February ..... 4,384.56

\$1,446,962.02

To the above statement could be added over \$20,000 of accrued interest. This means a surplus of over 12 per cent, or 2 per cent more than the state requirements. In other words, for every hundred dollars which you deposit in The Union Savings Bank &amp; Trust Co. of Morrisville, Vt., you have the protection of \$112.00 in gift-edge securities, besides the stockholders' liability. Few people understand that the strength of a bank depends not on its size but upon the ratio of surplus to deposits. This makes us one of the strongest banks in the state, and for this reason we solicit the patronage of people who may be planning to send a part of their surplus funds away from their home bank.

## The Union Savings Bank and Trust Company

MORRISVILLE, VT.

W. M. SARGENT

Treasurer

## Bargains

Men's and ladies'  
Shoes. Broken lots  
and odd sizes.1 lot of Ladies' \$4.00  
Shoes now ..... \$2.891 lot of Ladies' \$3.50  
Shoes now ..... \$2.49Come in while we  
have your size. They  
are bargains.Discount on all our  
Lumbermen's Heavy  
Rubbers and Socks;  
also Felt Shoes.Rogers'  
Walk-Over  
Boot Shop

170 North Main St., Barre, Vt.